

## **KENYA SAFARI**

SAMBURU – OL PEJETA – AMBOSELI – NAIVASHA – MASAI MARA – NAIROBI 19 DAYS – 18 NIGHTS





#### **SAMBURU NATIONAL RESERVE**

Samburu National Reserve is situated at the South-Eastern corner of Samburu County in the North of Kenya. It is bordered by the Ewaso Nyiro River, which separates it from the Buffalo Springs National Reserve. The reserve covers an area of 165 Km<sup>2</sup> and is located around 345Km from Nairobi.

Samburu is doted by a number of hills and valleys including The Mathews Range and Suguta Valley respectively traversed by the Samburu people who are close relatives of the Maasai, together forming the MAA speaking communities of Kenya. Cultural visits can be combined whilst one is on safari.

The reserve is rich in wildlife with fame for abundance in rare Northern specialist species such as the Grevy Zebra, Somali Ostrich, Reticulated Giraffe, Gerenuk and the Beisa Oryx (Also referred as the Samburu Special 5).

The reserve is also popular with elephants, large predators such as the lion, leopard and cheetah. Wild dog sightings are also a common attraction to this unique protected area.

Birdlife is abundant with over 450 species recorded. Birds of the arid northern bush country are augmented by a number of riverine forest species. Lesser Kestrel and the Taita Falcon are species of global conservation concern and they both utilize the reserve. Five species categorized as vulnerable have been recorded in the reserve. These are the African Darter, Great Egret, White-headed Vulture, Martial Eagle and the Yellow-billed Ox-pecker. Critically endangered species under CITIES – Pancake tortoise are also found in the reserve.





#### **OL PEJETA CONSERVANCY**

Ol Pejeta is the largest black rhino sanctuary in east Africa, and home to two the world's last remaining northern white rhino. It is the only place in Kenya see chimpanzees, in a Sanctuary established to rehabilitate animals rescue from the black market. It has some of the highest predator densities in Keny and still manages a very successful livestock programme.

The conservation of the natural habitat, located in Kenya's Laikipia Plateau ensured the protection of existing rhino, elephant, and other wildlife populations in addition to captive chimpanzees living in a 300-acre sanctuar





#### **AMBOSELI NATIONAL PARK**

The park is 39,206 hectares (392 km2; 151 sq. mi) in size at the core of 8,000 square kilometers (3,100 sq. mi) ecosystem that spreads across the Kenya-Tanzania border. Its famous for being the best place in Africa to get close to free-ranging elephants among other wildlife species.

Other attraction of the park includes opportunities to meet the Maasai people and also offers the best & most spectacular views of Mount Kilimanjaro, the highest free-standing mountain in the world.

In Amboseli's case it is big skies and far horizons combined with swampy springs, dry and dusty earth trampled by hundreds of animals.

The National Park embodies five main wildlife habitats (open plains, acacia woodland, rocky thorn bush country, swamps and marshland) and covers part of a Pleistocene lake basin.

Amboseli is famous for its big game and its great scenic beauty; the landscape is dominated by the towering Mount Kilimanjaro.

Amboseli has over 80 different mammals to be found ranging from the tiny (and rarely seen) spectacled elephant shrew & the rare Melanistic Serval to the huge bulk of the African elephant. Few visitors will go home without superb elephant pictures with Kilimanjaro as a backdrop.

There are over 400 documented bird species.







# LAKE NAIVASHA & OSERENGONI WILDLIFE SANCTUARY

Lake Naivasha, a fresh-water lake which is surrounded by papyrus swamps, acacia woodlands, forests and unique geologic features that are remnants of the area's volcanic past.

More than 400 different birdlife species have been identified, it is also the primary drinking hole for buffalos, zebras, elands, impalas, waterbucks and other grazers, as well as a favorite place for hippos to cool themselves during the day.

We recommend a boat safari around the lake, accompanied by our professional guide who can help you locate and identify various fauna by colors, location and behavior. Nature walks are another popular way to enjoy Lake Naivasha.

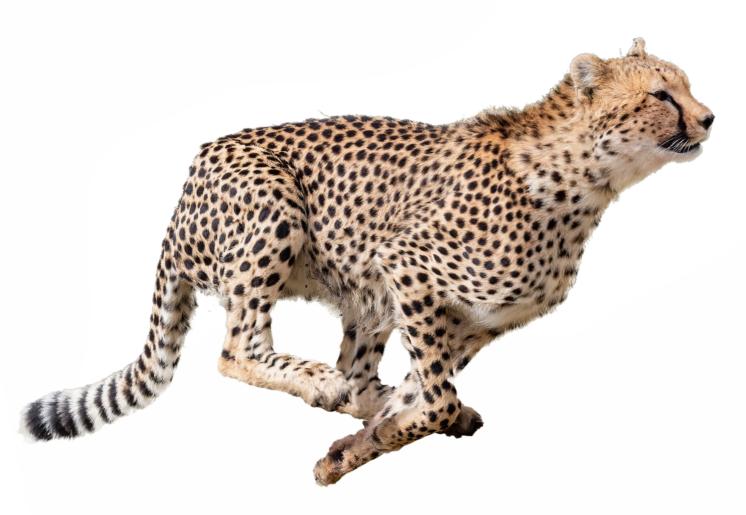
The Oserengoni Wildlife Sanctuary surrounding Chui Lodge was created in the mid 1990's with the sole purpose of giving the resident wildlife a place of safety and refuge. Over 18, 000 acres is surrounded by an electrified fence, as much to keep illegal cattle grazers out as it is to keep the wildlife from straying into the nearby farmlands.

The wildlife are still able to move freely between the neighboring Hell's Gate National Park, the sanctuary and the lakeshore by way of wildlife corridors which ensures constant movement throughout the localized eco-system.

Since the creation of the sanctuary and the wildlife corridors the number of wildlife, specifically species such as leopard and giraffe, persecuted by the villages in the past, has stabilized and increased to sustainable levels.

Within the sanctuary and game corridors we have over 50 mammal species, some of these include, leopard, topi, grevy's zebra, impala, serval cat, warthog, and lesser galago.





#### **MASAI MARA NATIONAL RESERVE**

The Masai Mara National Reserve (MMNR) covers some 1,510 km² (583 sq. mi) in South-Western Kenya. It is the Northern most section of the Mara Serengeti ecosystem, which covers some 25,000 km² (9,700 sq. mi) in Tanzania and Kenya. It borders the Serengeti National Park to the South, the Siria escarpment to the west, and Masai pastoral ranches to the north, east and west. The Sand, Talek & the Mara are the major rivers 'flowing through the reserve'. Shrubs and trees fringe most of the river-beds and cover hill slopes and hill tops.

The terrain of the reserve is primarily open grassland with seasonal rivu-lets. In the south-east region are clumps of the distinctive acacia trees. The western border is the Esoit (Siria) Escarpment of the East African Rift, which is a system of rifts some 5,600 km (3,500 mi) long, from Ethiopia's Red Sea through Kenya, Tanzania, Malawi and into Mozambique. Wildlife tends to be most concentrated here, as the swampy ground means that access to water is always good, while tourist disruption is minimal.

Simply put, the wildlife in the Masai Mara is considered to be one of the finest collection of wild animals anywhere in the world. With literally close to 90 species of mammals and more than 470 species of birds many of which are migrants, with almost 60 species being raptors, Masai Mara and the surrounding Greater Mara eco system is home to a rich and diverse collection of wildlife.



#### NAIROBI NATIONAL PARK

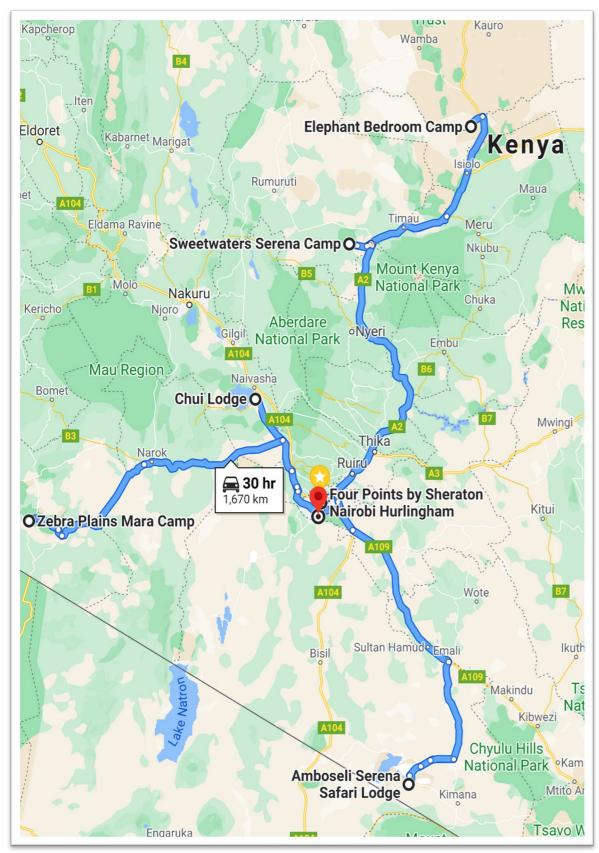
Nairobi National park is the only national park in a capital city and is without a doubt the most amazing national park in the world. Its location with the city center, offering a view of the wild versus urban setting giving two distinct views that simply blows one's mind away. While at Nairobi national park, one cannot avoid the charm of comparing the wildlife and the city skyscrapers seen at the horizon. Nairobi national park is situated in southern part of Nairobi, Kenya's capital and the busiest city. Nairobi national park covers an area of 117.21sq.km and it was the first East African national park to be gazetted.

Its is one of the smallest parks in Africa and a home to four of the big five (black and white rhino, lions, leopards and buffaloes).

The park is Kenya's most successful rhino sanctuaries and for this reason it is one of the parks where visitors are certain of seeing the endangered black rhinoceros' species in their natural habitat. The park is also a habitat to the big animals including hippos and giraffes. Other animals like the baboons, ostrich, grant's zebras, cheetahs, waterbucks, eland and impala are found at this destination and is home to over 400 bird species too.







#### 19 DAYS & 18 NIGHTS ITINERARY

- DAY 1
  - Meet and greet in Nairobi and overnight at Four Points by Sheraton on a bed & breakfast basis.
- ► DAY 2
  - Post breakfast, checkout and drive to Samburu National Reserve to check into Elephant Bedroom Camp. Evening safari & overnight on a full board basis.
- DAY 3 to 5
  - Explore Samburu National Reserve.
- DAY 6
  - Post breakfast, checkout and drive to Ol Pejeta to check into Serena Sweetwaters Camp. Evening safari & overnight on a full board basis.
- DAY 7
  - Explore Ol Pejeta.
- DAY 8
  - Post breakfast, checkout and drive to Amboseli National Park to check into Serena Amboseli. Evening safari & overnight on a full board basis.
- DAY 9
  - Explore Amboseli National Park.
- ► DAY 10
  - ► Post breakfast, checkout and drive to Lake Naivasha to check into Chui Lodge. Evening safari & overnight on a full board basis.
- ► DAY 11
  - ► Enjoy a boat safari at Lake Naivasha, safari across the Oserengoni Wildlife Sanctuary with a night safari and a sundowner.
- ► DAY 12
  - Post breakfast, checkout and drive to Masai Mara National Reserve to check into Zebra Plains Camp. Evening safari & overnight on a full board basis.
- DAY 13 to 17
  - Explore the Masai Mara National Reserve.
- DAY 18
  - Post breakfast, checkout and drive back to Nairobi to check into Nairobi Tented Camp on a full board basis.
- ► DAY 19
  - Explore Nairobi National Park and drop off at Jomo Kenyatta International Airport.



#### **INCLUSIONS**

- ▶ 19 Days & 18 nights stay as per the itinerary on full board basis.
- ► Unlimited safaris as mentioned in the itinerary with a KPSGA Silver/Gold level Guide in an exclusive 4x4 Safari Converted Landcruiser.
- All Airport transfers.
- ► All park fees as per the itinerary.
- Unlimited drinking water

#### **EXCLUSIONS**

- ► Cost does not include the cost of international / domestic flights, comprehensive insurance, visas and anything not mentioned under the inclusions.
- ▶ All drinks except at Chui Lodge, Lake Naivasha.
- ► All expenses personal in nature, such as premium spirits, laundry, gratuities and anything not mentioned in the itinerary will be charged on actuals and are payable directly at the camp.
- ► COVID test can also be arranged.

Please note that yellow fever vaccination is mandatory for entry into Kenya.

#### **CONTACT:**

bookings@wowsafaris.co.ke +254 7457 00000







### **COST** \*\*EX-NAIROBI

Tent/Room: Double / Twin Sharing ONE - 4x4 Landcruiser



PRICE ON REQUEST £\$€Ksh